Appendix E: Development Permit Guidelines

Development permits for development in the Riparian DPA will be considered in accordance with the following guidelines:

- A. Development or alteration of land will be planned to avoid intrusion into and minimize the impact on the Riparian DPA.
- B. Modification of channels, banks or shores must not result in harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of natural features, functions and conditions that support fish life processes within the Riparian DPA.
- C. The removal of gravel and soil from streams is prohibited unless otherwise approved by the provincial or federal government.
- Proposed plans of subdivision will avoid stream crossings where possible and demonstrate the presence of building areas outside of the SPEA.
- E. Stream crossings will be avoided, but where this is not possible, bridges are preferred rather than culverts, and any works will be sited to minimize disturbance to banks, channels, shores and vegetative cover, and must be approved by the Province.
- F. Culverts may be designed to encourage in-stream storage of water to allow the unrestricted movement of fish in both directions.
- G. Construction at a certain time of year and using methods that minimize the impacts on rare and sensitive species may be required.
- H. To minimize encroachments into the Riparian DPA, variances for the height and location of buildings and structures may be considered.
- I. As a condition of the issuance of a development permit, compliance with any or all conditions recommended in a report by a *QEP*, prepared in accordance with the *RAR*, will be considered by the CRD and may be included in a development permit.
- J. Development permits may include requirements for environmental monitoring and when required, these monitoring reports must be prepared by a *QEP*.
- K. All of the measures specified by a *QEP* necessary to maintain the integrity of a SPEA will be considered by the CRD for inclusion as a condition in a development permit.
- L. Development permits will not be issued until the CRD has been notified by the Riparian Areas Regulation Notification System (RARNS) that the Province has received a riparian areas assessment report.
- M. Where a *QEP* has required the planting of native vegetation to reduce the risk of erosion, restore the natural state of the site, improve water quality, or stabilize slopes and banks, a landscaping plan of the re-vegetation may be required.
- N. In situations where a SPEA would reduce the density of development permitted by the zoning bylaw, a QEP is required to provide recommendations on how the permitted density of development could be accommodated with the least possible impact on fish habit.
- 0. An applicant may be required to provide an explanatory plan of a SPEA.
- P. For all or part of land within a SPEA that has been identified by a *QEP*, property owners may wish to consider dedicating the land back to the Crown, gifting the land to a nature conservation organization or registering a conservation covenant.
- Q. All new developments or modifications to existing developments including site works, gardening, landscaping and other related residential activities should be designed and implemented to maintain the quantity and quality of water and to avoid the entry of pollutants or nutrient rich water flowing into *streams* and wetlands.
- R. Development will be designed to avoid any increase in the volume and peak flow of runoff and a drainage plan may be required in support of this guideline.
- Plantings of native vegetation may be required to reduce the risk of erosion, restore the natural state of the site, improve water quality, or stabilize slopes and banks.
- T. Where necessary or desirable, a buffer zone to remain free of development may be specified and protection measures for retention and management of vegetation in these areas may be established.
- U. To avoid encroachment, fencing may be required prior to, during or after construction.